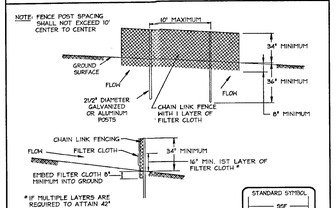
DETAIL 33 - SUPER SILT FENCE



Construction Specifications

1. Fencing shall be 42" in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6' length posts.
2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence.
3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24' at the top and mid section.
4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 8" into the ground.
5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6" and folded.
6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when 'bulges' develop in the silt fence, or when silt reaches 50% of fence height.
7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

Tensile Strength	50 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Tensile Modulus	20 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Flow Rate	0.3 gal/ft /minute (max.)	Test: MSMT 322
Filtering Efficiency	75% (min.)	Test: MSMT 322

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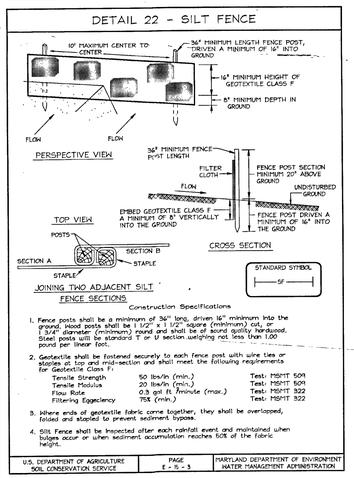
DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE



JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT FENCE SECTIONS

Construction Specifications

1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long, driven 16" minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 1 1/2" x 1 1/2" square (minimum) cut, or 1 3/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard 'T or U' section weighing not less than 1.00 pound per linear foot.
2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

Tensile Strength	50 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Tensile Modulus	20 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Flow Rate	0.3 gal/ft /minute (max.)	Test: MSMT 322
Filtering Efficiency	75% (min.)	Test: MSMT 322

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.
4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reaches 50% of the fabric height.

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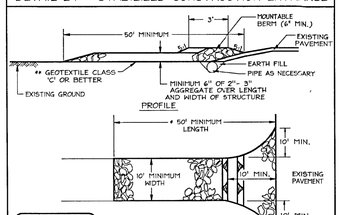
DETAIL 24 - STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



Construction Specification

1. Length - minimum of 50' (* 30' for a single residence lot).
2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning radius.
3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. ** The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile.
4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the entrance.
5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey, a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.
6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.

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SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Department of Inspection, License and Permits Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction (313-1855).
2. All vegetation and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and revisions thereto.
3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: (a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes, and all slopes greater than 3:1, (b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.
4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. I, Chapter 7, HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm Drainage.
5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. Use permanent seeding, sod, temporary seeding, and mulching (Sec. G). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone shall be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.
7. Site Analysis :

Total Area	1.184 Acres
Area Disturbed	0.64 Acres
Area to be roofed or paved	0.16 Acres
Area to be vegetatively stabilized	0.48 Acres
Total Cut	430cy
Total Fill	413cy
Offsite waste/borrow area location	**

8. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance.
9. Additional sediment controls must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.
10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.
11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which shall be back-filled and stabilized within one working day, whichever is shorter.

* Earthwork quantities are solely for the purpose of calculating fees. Contractor to verify all quantities prior to the start of construction.

** To be determined by contractor, with pre-approval of the Sediment Control Inspector with an approved and active grading permit

21.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOIL

Definition

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

Purpose

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetable growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

I. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.

b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.

d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.

II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the plans.

Construction and Material Specifications

I. Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.

II. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following:

1. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or a soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger that 1 and 1/2" in diameter.

2. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.

III. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

II. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres:

1. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

III. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:

1. On soil meeting topsoil specifications, obtain test results indicating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:
   a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.
   b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.
   c. Soluble salt content - Soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used.
   d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

NOTE: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

II. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil ammendments specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization-Section I-Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

V. Topsoil Application

I. When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Stilt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins.

II. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" - 8" higher in elevation.

III. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.

IV. Topsoil shall not be place while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seeded preparation.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO IMMEDIATE FURTHER DISTURBANCE WHERE A PERMANENT LONG-LIVED VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules:

1) Preferred-Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/ 100 sq.ft.) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/ 1000 sq.ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil. At the time of seeding, apply 400 lbs. per acre 50-0-0 ureaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq.ft.)
2) Acceptable-Apply 2 tons per acre dolomatic limestone (92 lbs/ 1000 sq.ft.) and apply 1000 lbs. per acre 10-10-10- fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sq.ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil.

SEEDING: For the periods March 1 thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs. per acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sq.ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31, seed with 60 lbs. Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs. per acre (.05 lbs./1000 sq.ft.) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28, protect site by: Option (1) 2 tons per acre well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) Use sod. Option (3) Seed with 60 lbs/acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored straw.

MULCHING: Apply 1 1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq.ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq.ft.) for anchoring.

MAINTENANCE: Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs, replacements and reseedings.

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: Apply 600 lbs. per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs./1000 sq.ft).

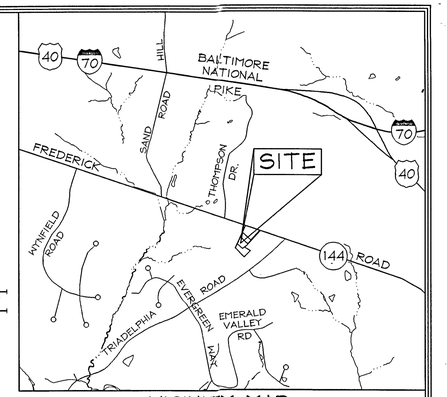
SEEDING: For periods March 1 thru April 30 and from August 15, thru November 15, seed with 2 1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs./1000 sq.ft.) For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs. per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs./1000 sq.ft.). For the period November 1 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

MULCHING: Apply 1 1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs./1000 sq.ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq.ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq.ft.) for anchoring.

REFER TO THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR RATE AND METHODS NOT COVERED.

LEGEND

Existing Contour ----------382
Proposed Contour 62
Existing Spot Elevation 382.3
Proposed Spot Elevation +82.3
Direction of Flow
Existing Trees to Remain
Proposed Landscaping Per F-02-02
Existing Septic Easement Per F-02-02
Erosion Control Matting ECM
Limit of Disturbance LOD
Stabilized Construction Entrance SCE
Silt Fence SF SF
Super Silt Fence SSF SSF



VICINITY MAP
SCALE: 1"=2000'

GENERAL NOTES

1. Reference: Plat #17170
2. Existing topography is taken from Final Plans F-02-02.
3. Contractor to confirm all dimension, utilities and topography in the field. If any conflicts arise, contact Engineer before beginning any work.
4. Driveway entrance to be constructed in accordance with Howard County Standard Detail R.6.06.
5. Private water and Private sewer will be used within this site.
6. ZZZZ This area designates a private sewage easement of at least 10,000 sf as required by the Maryland State Department of the Environment for individual sewage disposal (COMAR 26.04.03). Improvements of any nature in this area are restricted until public sewerage is available. These easements shall become null and void upon connection to a public sewerage system. The County Health Officer shall have the authority to grant adjustments to the private sewage easement. Recordation of a modified sewage easement shall not be necessary.
7. The existing well shown on this plan (identified with the attached well tag number: Lot 3-HO-94-3802) has been field located by FSH Associates professional surveyor and are accurately shown.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1. Obtain Grading permit.
2. Notify Howard County Department of Inspections, License and Permits at (410) 313-1880 at least 24 hours before starting any work.
3. Install Stabilized Construction Entrance, Silt Fence and Super Silt Fence. (1 week)
4. Rough grade site. (1 week)
5. Begin house construction.
6. Complete house construction, fine grade site, and install Erosion Control Matting. (2 months)
7. Install Perimeter Landscaping per F-02-02. (1 week)
8. Upon stabilization of all disturbed areas and with the permission of the sediment control inspector, remove all sediment control measures and stabilize any remaining disturbed area. (1 week)

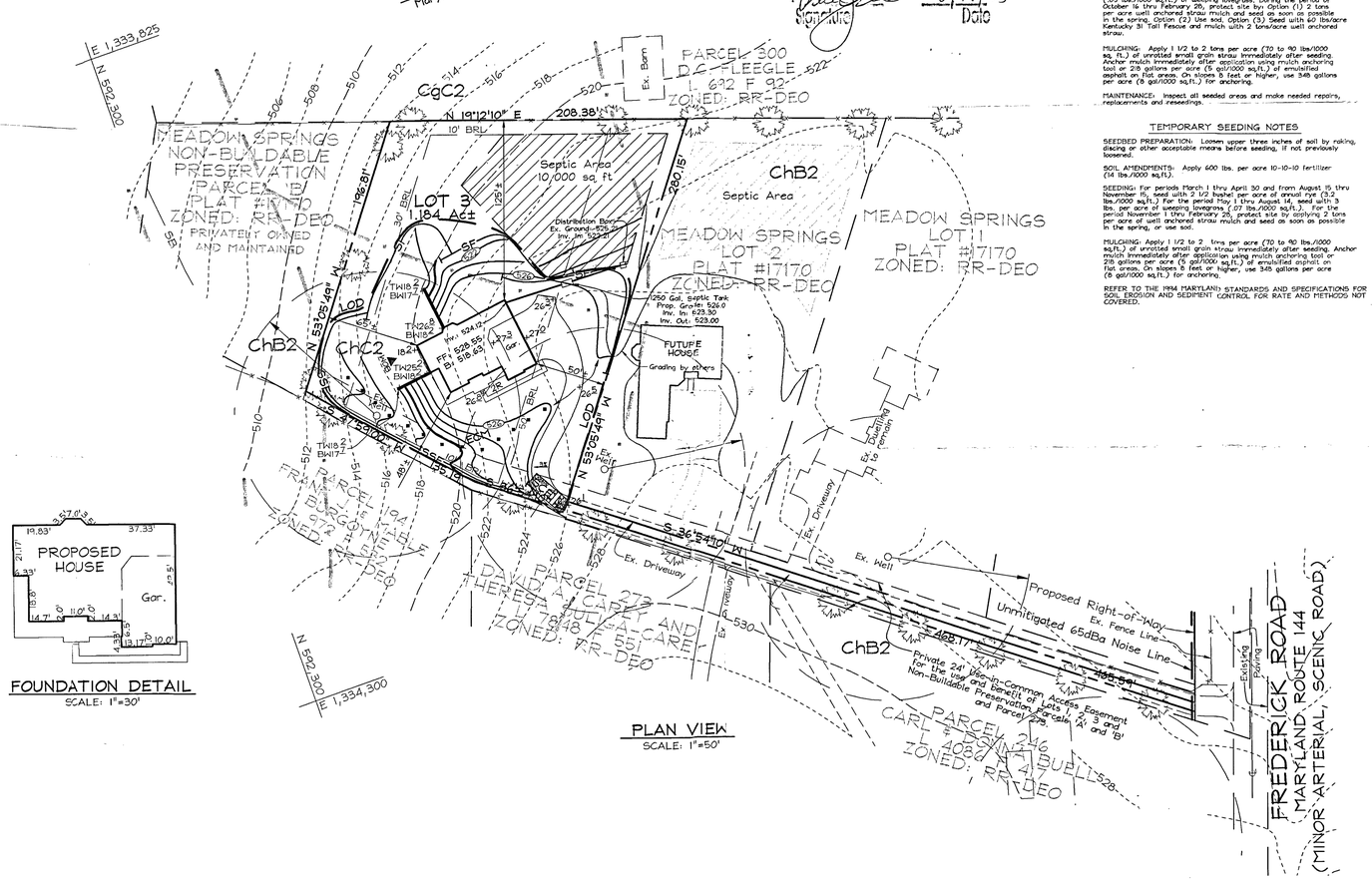
Note: -During grading and after each rainfall, contractor will inspect and provide necessary maintenance to the sediment control measures on this plan.
-Following initial soil disturbance or any redisturbances, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within:
A. 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, swales and all slopes greater than 3:1.
B. 14 calendar days for all other disturbed areas.

Approved Septic System Plan
Howard County Health Department

Signature 8/19/05 Date

E 1,333,825
N 592,775

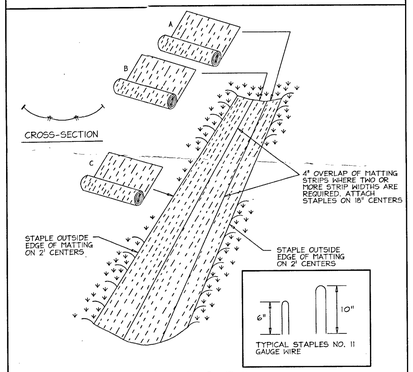
Maryland State Grid (NAD 83/91)



PLAN VIEW
SCALE: 1"=50'

FOUNDATION DETAIL
SCALE: 1"=30'

DETAIL 30 - EROSION CONTROL MATTING



Construction Specifications

1. Key-in the matting by placing the top ends of the matting in a narrow trench, 6" in depth. Backfill the trench and tamp firmly to conform to the channel cross-section. Secure with a row of staples about 4" down slope from the trench. Spacing between staples is 6".
2. Staple the 4" overlap in the channel center using an 18" spacing between staples.
3. Before stapling the outer edges of the matting, make sure the matting is smooth and in firm contact with the soil.
4. Staples shall be placed 2' apart with 4 rows for each strip, 2 outer rows, and 2 alternating rows down the center.
5. Where one roll of matting ends and another begins, the end of the top strip shall overlap the upper end of the lower strip by 4", shiplap fashion. Reinforce the overlap with a double row of staples spaced 6" apart in a staggered pattern on either side.
6. The discharge end of the matting liner should be similarly secured with 2 double rows of staples.

Note: If flow will enter from the edge of the matting then the area effected by the flow must be keyed-in.

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SOILS LEGEND

SYMBOL	NAME / DESCRIPTION	SOIL GROUP
ChB2	CHESTER SILT LOAM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED	B
ChC2	CHESTER SILT LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED	B
CgC2	CHESTER GRAVELLY SILT LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED	B

OWNER/DEVELOPER
GREENFIELD HOMES, Inc.
6656 Luster Drive
Highland, Maryland 20777
410.781.6782

PLOT PLAN
MEADOW SPRINGS
LOT 3

TAX MAP 16 GRID 14 — PARCEL 283
3RD ELECTION DISTRICT — HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

FSH Associates
Engineers Planners Surveyors
8318 Forrest Street Ellicott City, MD 21043
Tel:410-750-2251 Fax: 410-750-7350
E-mail: FSHAssociates@cs.com

DESIGN BY: PS
DRAWN BY: HK
CHECKED BY: ZYF
SCALE: AS SHOWN
DATE: June 17, 2005
W.O. No.: 3037
SHEET No.: 1 OF 1

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